

Derived algebraic geometry and representation theory II - Time

- Plans:
- 1) Hecke categories and the main theorem
 - 2) Explanation of notation
 - a) quasi-coherent sheaves
 - b) D-modules
 - c) loop spaces
 - 3) Geometric Langlands conjecture

1) Hecke categories and the main theorem

G connected reductive algebraic group / $k \leftarrow \text{char} = 0$

Def'n: The finite Hecke category is

$$\mathcal{H}_G := \text{D}_{\text{coh}}(\mathbf{B} \backslash G / \mathbf{B})$$

cf from yesterday:

$$H = \mathbb{C}[\mathbf{B} \backslash G / \mathbf{B}]$$

Def'n: The affine Hecke category is

$$\mathcal{H}_G^{\text{aff}} := \text{Coh}_{[\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{B} / a]} (St^u / a)^{G_m}$$

unipotent ^{gp} version of St from yesterday.

Question: What does \mathcal{H}_G have to do with $\mathcal{H}_G^{\text{aff}}$?

cf. $H^{\text{fin}} \subset H^{\text{aff}}$

Answer: [Ben-Zvi - Nadler]

There is a canonical equivalence of ∞ -categories

$$\text{D}_{\text{coh}}(\mathbf{B} \backslash G / \mathbf{B}) \simeq \text{Coh}_{[\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{B} / a]} (St^u / a)_{\text{loc}}^{\mathbb{S}}$$

Coherent sheaves: for dg categories.

- classical: $\text{Coh}(\text{Spec } R) = R\text{-mod}^{\text{f.g.}}$

Remark: Yesterday, we used this: $K^{\text{A}}(X) = K_0(D^b \text{Coh}^{\text{A}}(X))$

- for dg categories: X underived stack

$\text{Coh}(X)$ is the full subcategory of $\mathcal{O}_X \text{Coh}(X)$ with bounded and coherent cohomology

Def'n ~~...~~ $e: Z \hookrightarrow X$ closed embedding of stacks (underived)

$\text{Coh}_{[Z]}(X) :=$ dg derived category of coherent sheaves \mathcal{F} whose restriction $e^* \mathcal{F}$ is coherent

Remark: X smooth, then $\text{Coh}(X) \simeq \text{Perf}(X)$

↑
locally isomorphic to bounded complex of free \mathcal{O}_X -mod of finite type.

= dualizable objects

D-modules: - classically,

Def'n A differential operator $\overset{\text{on Spec } R =: S}{\text{is}} A \in \text{End}(R)$ of degree n

satisfying

$$[\dots [[A, f_n], f_{n-1}] \dots f_0] = 0 \quad \forall f_0, \dots, f_n \in R$$

↑
multiplication by $f_n \in R$

Def'n/Remark: $D^{\leq n}(S)$... diff operators of degree $\leq n$ on S

$$D^{\leq 0}(S) = R$$

$$D(S) := \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} D^{\leq n}(S) =: \text{diff operators on } S = \text{Spec } R$$

↑
(filtration!)

Def'n: A dg coherent sheaf is G -equivariant if each term is G -equivariant and differential and act are G -equivariant

notation: $\text{Coh}(X)^G$

Prop: $\text{Coh}(X)^G \cong \text{Coh}(X/G)$ if X/G is a scheme.

Loop spaces

Recall: $S^1 = \begin{matrix} * & \parallel & * \\ * & \parallel & * \end{matrix}$

Def'n: Let X be a derived stack. $\mathcal{L}X := \text{Map}_{\text{dSt}}(S^1, X)$

Affinization:

- classical: $\text{Aff}(X) = \text{Spec } \mathcal{O}(X)$

- in DAG: $\text{Spec} : \text{cdga}_k^{\leq 0} \longrightarrow \text{dSt}$
 $\longleftarrow \text{adjoint}$

$$X = \text{colim}_{\text{Spec } A \rightarrow X} \text{Spec } A$$

Example: $\text{Aff}(S^1) = \text{BG}_a = \text{Spec}(k \oplus k\epsilon)$
 \uparrow
 $\text{deg } 1$

$$\mathcal{O}(X) = \lim_{\text{Spec } A \rightarrow X} A$$

Def'n: The unipotent loop space is

$$\mathcal{L}^u(X) = \text{Map}(\text{BG}_a, X)$$

Remark: $\Pi_X[-1] = \text{Map}(\text{BG}_a, X) \cong \text{Map}(S^1, X) = \mathcal{L}X$

For a derived scheme.

NOT true for derived stacks!

Thm (Ben-Zvi - Nadler)

$$D_{\text{coh}}(\mathbf{B} \backslash \mathbf{A} / \mathbf{B}) \simeq \text{Coh}_{[\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{B} / \mathbf{A}]} (\mathcal{S}_{\mathbf{A} / \mathbf{A}}^{\vee})_{\text{loc}}^{\$}$$

follows from

Thm Let X be a "nice" derived stack with an underived loop space.

Then

$$D_{\text{coh}}(X) \simeq \text{Coh}_{[X]} (\mathcal{L}^{\vee} X)_{\text{loc}}^{\$}$$

$$\text{for } X = \mathbf{B} \backslash \mathbf{A} / \mathbf{B} \simeq (\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{B}) / \mathbf{A}$$